

## Republic of the Philippines Supreme Court Manila

A.M. No. 08-8-7-SC

# THE 2016 REVISED RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 1, 2016

MANILA, PHILIPPINES JANUARY 2016

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### Republic of the Philippines Supreme Court Manila

A.M. No. 08-8-7-SC

# THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

#### RESOLUTION

**WHEREAS**, after a two-year pilot test, on March 18, 2010, the Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases was promulgated and made effective to all first level courts nationwide;

WHEREAS, from the time the Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases was implemented, it has been found to be an effective tool in providing a simplified and inexpensive recourse for litigants to assert their claims;

WHEREAS, due to its success, there is a need to introduce amendments to the existing Rules to be more effective in reducing the dockets of the first level courts, a wider coverage, and better access to the courts by the underprivileged, among others;

WHEREAS, on August 11, 2015, the Special Committee on Small Claims Cases (Committee) was created under Memorandum Order No. 32-2015 to "review the existing Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases to fulfill the Judiciary's objective of expediting trial and resolving cases effectively and efficiently."

**WHEREAS**, the Committee is composed of the following:

Chairperson: Hon. Diosdado M. Peralta

Associate Justice, Supreme Court

Vice-Chairperson: Hon. Lucas P. Bersamin

Associate Justice, Supreme Court

Members: Hon. Martin S. Villarama, Jr.

Associate Justice, Supreme Court

Hon. Jose C. Mendoza

Associate Justice, Supreme Court

Hon. Estela M. Perlas-Bernabe Associate Justice, Supreme Court

Hon. Jose Midas P. Marquez
Court Administrator, Supreme Court

**Hon. Fernanda Lampas Peralta**Associate Justice, Court of Appeals

Hon. Jackie B. Crisologo-Saguisag

Metropolitan Trial Court, Makati City, Branch 67

Atty. Ma. Lourdes E.B. Oliveros

Office of the Chief Justice

Secretary: Atty. Jason J. Zapanta

Office of Associate Justice Diosdado M. Peralta

Assistant Secretary: Atty. Jilliane Joyce R. De Dumo

Office of the Chief Justice

**WHEREAS**, to aid the Committee in reviewing pending issues on the Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases, a Technical Working Group (TWG) was created as follows:

Chairperson: Hon. Fernanda Lampas Peralta

Associate Justice, Court of Appeals

Members: Hon. Jackie B. Crisologo-Saguisag

Metropolitan Trial Court, Makati City, Branch 67

Hon, Juris D. Dilinila-Callanta

Metropolitan Trial Court, Quezon City, Branch 42

**Hon. Maria Zoraida S. Zabat-Tuazon** *Metropolitan Trial Court, Manila City, Branch 23* 

Atty. Joachim Florencio Q. Corsiga Office of the Court Administrator

WHEREAS, the Committee and the TWG conducted several consultative meetings, tackling issues such as the threshold amount, causes of action, and venue, among others;

WHEREAS, on November 10, 2015, the Committee and the TWG submitted its proposed "The Revised Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases," to protect and advance the constitutional rights of persons to a speedy disposition of their cases, provide a simplified and inexpensive procedure for the disposition of small claims cases, and, introduce innovations and best practices for the benefit of the underprivileged;

WHEREAS, acting on the recommendation of the Chairperson, the Committee, and the TWG, submitting for the consideration and approval of the Court the proposed "The Revised Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases," the Court resolved to APPROVE the same.

The Revised Rules shall take effect on February 1, 2016 following its publication in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

December 8, 2015.

MARIA LOURDES P.A. SERENO

Chief Justice

ANTONIO T. CARPIÓ

Associate Justice

PRESBITERO J. VELASCO, JR.

Associate Justice

Screite J. Line to de Casto

TERESITA J. LEONARDO-DE CASTRO

Associate Justice

On official leave **ARTURO D. BRION** 

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

MARIANO C. DEL CASTILLO

Associate Justice

\_MARTIN S. VILLARAMA, JR.

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

BIENVENIDO L, REYÉS

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

Associate Justice

## THE 2016 REVISED RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

**SECTION 1.** *Title.*— These Rules shall be known as "The Revised Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases."

SEC. 2. Scope.— These Rules shall govern the procedure in actions before the Metropolitan Trial Courts (MeTCs), Municipal Trial Courts in Cities (MTCCs), Municipal Trial Courts (MTCs) and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts (MCTCs) for payment of money where the value of the claim does not exceed Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00) exclusive of interest and costs.

#### SEC. 3. Objectives

- (a) To protect and advance the constitutional right of persons to a speedy disposition of their cases;
- (b) To provide a simplified and inexpensive procedure for the disposition of small claims cases; and,
- (c) To introduce innovations and best practices for the benefit of the underprivileged.

#### SEC. 4. Definition of Terms.— For purposes of this Rule:

- (a) Plaintiff refers to the party who initiated a small claims action. The term includes a defendant who has filed a counterclaim against plaintiff;
- (b) *Defendant* is the party against whom the plaintiff has filed a small claims action. The term includes a plaintiff against whom a defendant has filed a claim, or a person who replies to the claim;
- (c) *Person* is an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, association, or other juridical entity endowed with personality by law;
- (d) Individual is a natural person;

- (e) *Motion* means a party's request, written or oral, to the court for an order or other action. It shall include an informal written request to the court, such as a letter;
- (f) Good cause means circumstances sufficient to justify the requested order or other action, as determined by the judge; and,
- (g) Affidavit means a written statement or declaration of facts that are sworn to or affirmed to be true.
- **SEC. 5.** *Applicability.* The Metropolitan Trial Courts, Municipal Trial Courts in Cities, Municipal Trial Courts, and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts shall apply this Rule in all actions that are purely civil in nature where the claim or relief prayed for by the plaintiff is solely for payment or reimbursement of sum of money.

The claim or demand may be:

- (a) For money owed under any of the following:
  - 1. Contract of Lease;
  - 2. Contract of Loan;
  - 3. Contract of Services;
  - 4. Contract of Sale; or
  - 5. Contract of Mortgage;
- (b) For liquidated damages arising from contracts;
- (c) The enforcement of a *barangay* amicable settlement or an arbitration award involving a money claim covered by this Rule pursuant to Sec. 417 of Republic Act 7160, otherwise known as *The Local Government Code of 1991*.
- **SEC. 6.** *Commencement of Small Claims Action.*—A small claims action is commenced by filing with the court an accomplished and verified Statement of Claim (*Form 1-SCC*) in duplicate, accompanied by a Certification Against Forum Shopping, Splitting a Single Cause of Action, and Multiplicity of Suits (*Form 1-A-SCC*), and two (2) duly certified photocopies of the actionable document/s subject of the claim, as well as the affidavits of witnesses and other evidence to support the claim. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Statement of Claim, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence.

The plaintiff must state in the Statement of Claim if he/she/it is engaged in the business of lending, banking and similar activities, and the number of small claims cases filed within the calendar year regardless of judicial station.

No formal pleading, other than the Statement of Claim/s described in this Rule, is necessary to initiate a small claims action.

#### **SEC. 7.** *Venue.*— The regular rules on venue shall apply.

However, if the plaintiff is engaged in the business of lending, banking and similar activities, and has a branch within the municipality or city where the defendant resides, the Statement of Claim/s shall be filed where that branch is located.

- **SEC. 8.** *Joinder of Claims.*—Plaintiff may join in a single statement of claim one or more separate small claims against a defendant provided that the total amount claimed, exclusive of interest and costs, does not exceed Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00).
- **SEC. 9.** *Affidavits.* The affidavits submitted under this Rule shall state only facts of direct personal knowledge of the affiants or based on authentic records, which are admissible in evidence.

A violation of this requirement shall subject the party, and the counsel who assisted the party in the preparation of the affidavits, if any, to appropriate disciplinary action. The inadmissible affidavit(s) or portion(s) thereof shall be expunged from the record.

The non-submission of the required affidavits will cause the immediate dismissal of the claim or counterclaim.

**SEC. 10.** *Payment of Filing Fees.*— The plaintiff shall pay the docket and other legal fees prescribed under Rule 141 of the Revised Rules of Court, unless allowed to litigate as an indigent. Exemption from the payment of filing fees shall be granted only by the Supreme Court.

However, if more than five (5) small claims are filed by one party within the calendar year, regardless of the judicial station, an additional filing fee of 500.00 shall be paid for every claim filed after the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) claim, and an additional 100.00 or a total of 600.00 for every claim filed after the tenth (10<sup>th</sup>) claim, and another 100.00 or a total of 700 for every claim filed after the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) claim, progressively and cumulatively.

If the plaintiff is engaged in the business of banking, lending and similar activities, the amount of filing and other legal fees shall be the same as those applicable to cases filed under the regular rules.

A claim filed with a motion to sue as indigent (*Form 6-SCC*) shall be referred to the Executive Judge for immediate action in case of multisala courts. If the motion is granted by the Executive Judge, the case shall be raffled off or assigned to the court designated to hear small claims cases. If the motion is denied, the plaintiff shall be given five (5) days within which to pay the docket fees, otherwise, the case shall be dismissed without prejudice. In no case shall a party, even if declared an indigent, be exempt from the payment of the P1,000.00 fee for service of summons and processes.

**SEC. 11.** *Dismissal of the Claim.*— After the court determines that the case falls under these Rules, it may, from an examination of the allegations of the Statement of Claim/s and such evidence attached thereto, by itself, dismiss the case outright on any of the grounds for the dismissal of the case. The order of dismissal shall state if it is with or without prejudice.

If, during the hearing, the court is able to determine that there exists a ground for dismissal of the Statement of Claim/s, the court may, by itself, dismiss the case even if such ground is not pleaded in the defendant's Response.

If plaintiff misrepresents that he/she/ it is not engaged in the business of banking, lending or similar activities when in fact he/she/it is so engaged, the Statement of Claim/s shall be dismissed with prejudice and plaintiff shall be meted the appropriate sanctions, such as direct contempt.

However, if the case does not fall under this Rule, but falls under summary or regular procedure, the case shall not be dismissed. Instead, the case shall be re-docketed under the appropriate procedure, and returned to the court where it was assigned, subject to payment of any deficiency in the applicable regular rate of filing fees. If a case is filed under the regular or summary procedure, but actually falls under this Rule, the case shall be referred to the Executive Judge for appropriate assignment.

**SEC. 12.** *Summons and Notice of Hearing.*— If no ground for dismissal is found, the court shall forthwith issue Summons (*Form 2*-

*SCC*) on the day of receipt of the Statement of Claim/s, directing the defendant to submit a verified Response.

The court shall also issue a Notice of Hearing (*Form 4-SCC*) to both parties, directing them to appear before it on a specific date and time for hearing, with a warning that no unjustified postponement shall be allowed, as provided in Section 21 of this Rule.

The Summons to be served on the defendant shall be accompanied by a copy of the Statement of Claim/s and documents submitted by plaintiff, and a blank Response Form (*Form 3-SCC*) to be accomplished by the defendant.

A Notice of Hearing shall accompany the Summons and shall contain: (a) the date of the hearing, which shall not be more than thirty (30) days from the filing of the Statement of Claim/s; and (b) the express prohibition against the filing of a motion to dismiss or any other motion under Section 16 of this Rule.

If Summons is returned without being served on any or all of the defendants, the court shall order the plaintiff to cause the service of summons and shall inform the court within thirty (30) days from notice if said summons was served or not; otherwise, the Statement of Claim/s shall be dismissed without prejudice as to those who were not served with summons.

- **SEC. 13.** *Response.* The defendant shall file with the court and serve on the plaintiff a duly accomplished and verified Response within a non-extendible period of ten (10) days from receipt of summons. The Response shall be accompanied by certified photocopies of documents, as well as affidavits of witnesses and other evidence in support thereof. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Response, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence.
- **SEC. 14.** *Effect of Failure to File Response.* Should the defendant fail to file his/her/its Response within the required period, and likewise fail to appear on the date set for hearing, the court shall render judgment on the same day, as may be warranted by the facts alleged in the Statement of Claim/s.

Should the defendant fail to file his/her/its Response within the required period but appears on the date set for hearing, the court shall ascertain what defense he/she/it has to offer which shall constitute his/her/its Response, and proceed to hear or adjudicate the case on the same day as if a Response has been filed.

SEC. 15. Counterclaims Within the Coverage of this Rule.— If at the time the action is commenced, the defendant possesses a claim against the plaintiff that (a) is within the coverage of this Rule, exclusive of interest and costs; (b) arises out of the same transaction or event that is the subject matter of the plaintiff's claim; (c) does not require for its adjudication the joinder of third parties; and (d) is not the subject of another pending action, the claim shall be filed as a counterclaim in the Response; otherwise, the defendant shall be barred from suing on the counterclaim.

The defendant may also elect to file a counterclaim against the plaintiff that does not arise out of the same transaction or occurrence, provided that the amount and nature thereof are within the coverage of this Rule and the prescribed docket and other legal fees are paid.

- **SEC. 16.** *Prohibited Pleadings and Motions.* The following pleadings, motions, or petitions shall not be allowed in the cases covered by this Rule:
  - (a) Motion to dismiss the Statement of Claim/s;
  - (b) Motion for a bill of particulars;
  - (c) Motion for new trial, or for reconsideration of a judgment, or for reopening of trial;
  - (d) Petition for relief from judgment;
  - (e) Motion for extension of time to file pleadings, affidavits, or any other paper;
  - (f) Memoranda;
  - (g) Petition for *certiorari*, *mandamus*, or prohibition against any interlocutory order issued by the court;
  - (h) Motion to declare the defendant in default;
  - (i) Dilatory motions for postponement;

- (j) Reply and rejoinder;
- (k) Third-party complaints; and
- (l) Interventions.
- SEC. 17. Availability of Forms; Assistance by Court Personnel.— The Clerk of Court or other court personnel shall provide such assistance as may be requested by a plaintiff or a defendant regarding the availability of forms and other information about the coverage, requirements as well as procedure for small claims cases.
- **SEC. 18.** *Appearance.* The parties shall personally appear on the designated date of hearing.

Appearance through a representative must be for a valid cause. The representative of an individual-party must not be a lawyer, and must be related to or next-of-kin of the individual-party. Juridical entities shall not be represented by a lawyer in any capacity.

The representative must be authorized under a Special Power of Attorney (*Form 7-SCC*) to enter into an amicable settlement of the dispute and to enter into stipulations or admissions of facts and of documentary exhibits.

**SEC. 19.** *Appearance of Attorneys Not Allowed.*— No attorney shall appear in behalf of or represent a party at the hearing, unless the attorney is the plaintiff or defendant.

If the court determines that a party cannot properly present his/her claim or defense and needs assistance, the court may, in its discretion, allow another individual who is not an attorney to assist that party upon the latter's consent

**SEC. 20.** *Non-appearance of Parties.*—Failure of the plaintiff to appear shall be cause for the dismissal of the Statement of Claim/s without prejudice. The defendant who appears in the absence of the plaintiff shall be entitled to judgment on a permissive counterclaim.

Failure of the defendant to appear shall have the same effect as failure to file a Response under Section 14 of this Rule. This shall not apply where one of two or more defendants who are sued under a common cause of action and have pleaded a common defense appears at the hearing.

Failure of both parties to appear shall cause the dismissal with prejudice of both the Statement of Claim/s and the counterclaim.

- **SEC. 21.** *Postponement When Allowed.* A request for postponement of a hearing may be granted only upon proof of the physical inability of the party to appear before the court on the scheduled date and time. A party may avail of only one (1) postponement.
- **SEC. 22.** *Duty of the Court.*—At the beginning of the court session, the judge shall read aloud a short statement explaining the nature, purpose and the rule of procedure of small claims cases.
- **SEC. 23.** *Hearing.* At the hearing, the judge shall first exert efforts to bring the parties to an amicable settlement of their dispute. If efforts at settlement fail, the hearing shall immediately proceed in an informal and expeditious manner and be terminated within the same day.

Any settlement (*Form 8-SCC*) or resolution of the dispute shall be reduced into writing, signed by the parties and submitted to the court for approval (*Form 9-SCC and Form 10-SCC*).

**SEC. 24.** *Decision.*— After the hearing, the court shall render its decision based on the facts established by the evidence (*Form 11-SCC*), within twenty-four (24) hours from termination of the hearing. The decision shall immediately be entered by the Clerk of Court in the court docket for civil cases and a copy thereof forthwith served on the parties.

The decision shall be final, executory and unappealable.

- **SEC. 25.** *Execution.* When the decision is rendered, execution shall issue upon motion (*Form 12-SCC*) of the winning party.
- **SEC. 26.** *Certification of documents.* All documents attached to the Statement of Claim/s or Response that are required to be certified, except public or official documents, shall be certified by the signature of the plaintiff or defendant concerned.
- **SEC. 27.** *Applicability of the Rules of Civil Procedure.* The Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply suppletorily insofar as they are not inconsistent with this Rule.
- **SEC. 28.** *Non-applicability.* The rules on mediation/judicial dispute resolution shall not apply, inasmuch as the parties may enter into compromise at any stage of the proceedings.

**SEC. 29.** *Effectivity.*— These Revised Rules shall take effect on February 1, 2016 following their publication in two newspapers of general circulation. They shall govern all cases filed after their effectivity, and also all pending proceedings, except to the extent that in the opinion of the court, their application would not be feasible or would work injustice, in which case the procedure under which the cases were filed shall govern.

#### SMALL CLAIMS STANDARD FORMS

The following forms shall be used. Substantial compliance therewith shall be sufficient.

(See attached forms)

#### FORM 1-SCC

REPUBLIC	COF THE PH	ILIPPINES	· 
Plaintiff, vs.	, Civ For		<u> </u>
Defendant.	, x		
	EMENT OF C ANG PAGSI		
1. The personal circums (Ang bawat panig ay		•	e as follows:
NAME OF PLAINTIFF/S (Pangalan ng Naghahabla)	SEX (Kasarian)	AGE (Edad)	
(Put a check on any of the follo (Pumili sa mga sumusunod at		ek)	
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ (Tao/Indibidwal)	CORPORATION (Korporasy	•	PARTNERSHIP (Bakasan)
COOPERATIVE (Kooperatiba)			PRIETORSHIP (agmamay-ari)

NATURE OF BUSINESS:		
(Uri ng Negosyo)		
BANKING LENI (Bangko) (Pag	DING papautang)	
OTHERS/PLEASE INDICATE (Iba pang uri ng negosyo)		
PLAINTIFF'S HOME ADDRESS: (Pahatirang Sulat sa <u>Bahay ng Nagha</u>	habla)	
(City)		
(Lungsod)		Zip Code
(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code
Telephone No(Telepono Blg.)	Cellphone No(Selpon Blg.)	
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No	Cellphone No	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
NAME OF PLAINTIFF'S REPRESENTAT	ΓIVE:	
if applicable (must be a non-lawyer)		
(Pangalan ng Kinatawan:)		
(kung meron) [dapat hindi abogado]		
HOME ADDRESS: (City)		
(Pahatirang Sulat sa Bahay) (Lungsod)		Zip Code
(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code

Telephone No	Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No.	Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
NAME OF DEFENDANT/S S	SEX AGE	CIVIL STATUS
(Pangalan ng Hinahabla) (Kas	sarian) (Edad)	(Katayuang Sibil)
	PORATION [	PARTNERSHIP (Bakasan)
COOPERATIVE (Kooperatiba)		PRIETORSHIP agmamay-ari)
DEFENDANT'S HOME ADDRESS:		
(Pahatirang Sulat sa Bahay ng Hin	ahabla)	
(City)		
(Lungsod)		Zip Code
(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code
Telephone No.	Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No.	Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	

NAME OF DEFENDANT'S REPRESEN	NTATIVE:	
if applicable (must be a non-lawyer) (Pangalan ng Kinatawan:)		
(kung meron) [dapat hindi abogado]		
HOME ADDRESS: (City)		
(Pahatirang Sulat sa Bahay) (Lungsod	d)	Zip Code
(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code
Telephone No.	Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No.	_ Cellphone No.	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
If more than one (1) defendant, list n (Kung higit sa isa (1) ang Hinahabla rito:)		
NAME OF DEFENDANT/S (Pangalan ng Hinahabla) (Kasa	EX AGE  arian) (Edad)	CIVIL STATUS (Katayuang Sibil)
	ORATION	PARTNERSHIP (Bakasan)
COOPERATIVE (Kooperatiba)	_	PRIETORSHIP agmamay-ari)
DEFENDANT'S HOME ADDRESS:		
(Pahatirang Sulat sa Bahay ng Hina	thabla)	
(City)		_
(Lungsod)		Zip Code

(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code
Telephone No	Cellphone No	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No.	Cellphone No	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
NAME OF DEFENDANT'S REPRESENT	ATIVE:	
if applicable (must be a non-lawyer)		
(Pangalan ng Kinatawan:)		
(kung meron) [dapat hindi abogado]		
HOME ADDRESS: (City)		
(Pahatirang Sulat sa Bahay) (Lungsod)		Zip Code
(Province, if applicable)		
(Lalawigan, kung meron)		Zip Code
Telephone No.	Cellphone No	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	
PLACE OF WORK:		
(Lugar ng Pinagtatrabahuan)		
Telephone No.	Cellphone No	
(Telepono Blg.)	(Selpon Blg.)	

\*Note: If you need more space, you can write at the back of this Form. (\*Tala: Kung kailangan mo ng karagdagang patlang, maaari mong isulat sa likod ng Form na ito.)

(An	g Hinahabla ay umutang sa Naghahabla ng halagang)
(a)	Why does the defendant owe plaintiff money? (Bakit ang Hinahabla ay nagkautang ng salapi sa Naghahabla?)
	(If you need more space, please use the back page). (Kung kailangan mo ng karagdagang patlang, maaaring gamitin ang likod ng pahinang ito.)
(b)	When did this happen? (Kailan ito nangyari?) Date: (Petsa)
	If no specific date, give the time period:  (Kung walang tiyak na petsa, ibigay ang tantiyang panahon)  Date started:  (Petsa nagsimula)  Through:  (Hanggang)
(c)	How did you compute the money owed to you? (Do not include court costs or fees)
	(Paano mo kinuwenta ang salaping inutang sa iyo?) [Hindi kasama ang bayad sa pagpapatala sa hukuman.]
(a)	Did you ask the defendant to pay you before you filed this case? (Siningil mo ba ang Hinahabla bago ka nagsampa ng kasong ito?)
	☐ Yes ☐ No (Hindi)
Ifn	o, explain:

	(b) How did you ask the defendant?  Paano mo siningil ang Hinahabla?)
	☐ In person ☐ By phone (Sa kanya mismo) ☐ (Sa telepono)
	☐ In writing ☐ Others (please specify) ☐ (Sa sulat) ☐ (Iba pa) [pakisulat kung paano]
	(c) When did you do this?
	(Kailan mo ginawa ito?)
4.	What is your proof that defendant owes you money?
	(Ano ang iyong katibayan o pruweba na ang Hinahabla ay may utang na salapi sa iyo?)
5.	Did you attach your proof to this form? (Iyo bang inilakip ang katibayan o pruweba sa Form na ito?)
	Yes No (Hindi)
6.	Was this claim referred to the barangay? (Dumaan ba sa barangay ang paniningil na ito?)
	Yes No Not Covered (Oo) (Hindi) (Hindi sakop)
	State reason:
	(Isulat ang dahilan)
	If yes, do you have a Certificate to File Action or a Compromise Agreement executed before the barangay? (Kung oo, meron ka bang Patunay sa Pagsampa ng Kaso o Kasunduan na isinagawa sa barangay?)
	6-A. How many small claims cases have you filed within this calendar year prior to this present case, in this court station and in the entire country: (Pang ilang kaso na itong isinampa mo sa loob ng kasalakuyang taon sa korte na ito at sa buong bansa?)

7. By the filing of this action, plaintiff hereby waives any amount in excess of P200,000.00, excluding interest and costs.

(Sa pagsampa ng kasong ito, ang Naghahabla ay isinusuko ang anumang halaga na higit sa P200,000.00, hindi kasama ang tubo at gastos sa pagsampa ng kasong ito.)

#### PRAYER (PAGSAMO)

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully pray	3 C
dant to pay the amount of P	, with interest at the rate of
% per annum/per month from	until fully paid.
(DAHIL DITO, ang Naghahabla ay maga ang kapasiyahang utusan ang Hinahabla na halagang P, pati ang tubuwan simula hanggang gito.)	magbayad sa Naghahabla ng bo na% bawat taon/ ganap o lubos na mabayaran
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	PLAINTIFF
(Para sa Opisyal na gamit lamang)  - To be accomplished by the Branch Clerk of Court- (Sasagutan ng Kawani ng Hukuman)	(Naghahabla)
1. Cause of action  Check Promissory Note Contract Oral Written Barangay Agreement Others (Please specify):	
2 Barangay conciliation required.  If yes, Certificate to File Action Compromise Agreement attached Barangay conciliation not required.  Please state the reason):	

#### FORM 1-A-SCC

#### VERIFICATIONAND CERTIFICATIONAGAINST NON-FORUM SHOPPING, SPLITTING A SINGLE CAUSE OF ACTION AND MULTIPLICITY OF SUITS

	I, of legal age,(citizenship)	,
	(name) (citizenship)	
	, and a resident of	,
	(civil status) (residence)	
on	path, state:	
1.	That I am the in the above-entitled cas caused this to be prepared I read and understood its contents which are true and correct of me personal knowledge and/or based on true records;	d; that
2.	That I have not commenced any action or proceeding involving the issue or subject matter, and specifically the same check/s in the Su Court, the Court of Appeals or any other tribunal or agency, particle before the Office of the City Prosecutor of	ipreme cularly
	; that to the best of my knowledge, no such action or proceed pending in the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals or any other tror agency, and that, if I should learn thereafter that a similar act proceeding has been filed or is pending before these courts or tribuagency, I undertake to report that fact to the Court within five (5 therefrom.	ding is ribunal tion or unal or
3.	That the filing of this case is not in violation of the rule against sp	olitting

- 3. That the filing of this case is not in violation of the rule against splitting a single cause of action or multiplicity of suits.
- 4. That I knowingly and voluntarily waive and forego the institution of any criminal complaint for Violation of Batas Pambansa Blg. 22 against the defendant herein based on the same check/s subject matter of this Small Claims Complaint.

	Affiant	
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this, 20	3	_ da

#### FORM 2-SCC

GREETINGS:

		THE PHILIPPINES	
vs.	Plaintiff,	, Civil Case No For:	
x	Defendant.		
	SUN	MMONS	
TO:		_	
		_ _	

You are hereby required, within ten (10) days from receipt of this Summons, to file with this Court and serve on plaintiff, your verified Response to the attached Statement of Claim. The form of the required Response is attached hereto.

You are required to submit with your Response certified copies of documents as well as affidavits of any witness to stand as your evidence in this case. You must present the original document/s on the day of hearing.

A motion to dismiss is prohibited and shall not be entertained. Any ground for dismissal should be included in your Response. Likewise, motions for bill of particulars and for extension to file pleadings, affidavits or any other paper are prohibited.

Your failure to respond within the 10-day period AND TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING OF THIS CASE will authorize the Court to render judgment.

NCH CLEF	RK OF COU	RT
Δ	ANCH CLEI	ANCH CLERK OF COU

#### FORM 3-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF	THE PHILIPPINES
	Plaintiff, vs.	, Civil Case No For:
	Defendant.	
		SPONSE (AGOT)
1.	Defendant denies the Statement (Put a check in any of the follo (Tinatanggihan ng Hinahabla	of Claim for any of the following reasons:
	Naghahabla.) Defendant owes plai	y walang pagkakautang na salapi sa ntiff only a portion of the amount claimed. ahabla ay bahagi lamang ng halagang

Hinahabla.)  defendant owes plaintiff only a portion of the amount claimed, ho cach is this?  fung ang utang ng Hinahabla ay bahagi lamang ng halagan nisingil ng Naghahabla, magkano ito?)  it is the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the state of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the plaintiff who owes defendant money,
it is the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when this happen?  If you have a superior of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the happen?  If you have a superior of the plaintiff who owes defendant money, how much and when the happen?  If you happen?
d this happen?  fung ang Naghahabla ang siyang may utang na salapi sanahabla, magkano at kailan ito nangyari?)  no specific date, estimate the time period:  fung walang tiyak na petsa, ibigay ang tantiyang panahon)  ate started  etsa nagsimula)  arough
nahabla, magkano at kailan ito nangyari?)  no specific date, estimate the time period:  fung walang tiyak na petsa, ibigay ang tantiyang panahon)  nte started  etsa nagsimula)  nrough
tung walang tiyak na petsa, ibigay ang tantiyang panahon) nte started etsa nagsimula) nrough
ate startedetsa nagsimula) urough
etsa nagsimula) arough
anggang)
ow did you compute the money owed you? (Do not include cousts or fees for service.)
o mo kinuwenta ang salaping pagkakautang sa iyo?) (Huwa uma ang filing fees at bayad sa serbisyo.) 
ntiff owes you money, did you ask plaintiff to pay you?  ang Naghahabla ay siyang may pagkakautang sa iyo, siningil ra?)
Yes No (Hindi)

		In person	_ Others	s (specify)	
		(Sa kanya mismo) In writing (Sa sulat) By phone (Sa telepono)		a) [ano ito?]	
3.	•	u have any proof? n ka bang anumang katibayan	-?)	Yes (Oo)	No (Hindi)
		s this proof? g katibayan ito?)		Receipt Resibo) Other docum (Iba pang of Witness (Saksi/testi	dokumento)
1.	counter (Sa da)	Statement of Claim is baseless, de relaims: hilang walang basehan ang Ha v karapatan sa mga ganting-ha	bla ng l	Pagsingil, ang	
		Actual Damages for the value of the case P (Bayad para sa aktwal na pin kaso)	.•	•	
		Costs of suit for the mone countercharge against plaintif (Kabayaran/Gastos sa kasong	f P		in filing a 
				DEFENDAI (Hinahabla	

# VERIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION AGAINST NON-FORUM SHOPPING, SPLITTING A SINGLE CAUSE OF ACTION AND MULTIPLICITY OF SUITS

(if with permissive counterclaim)

(PAGPAPATOTOO O PAGPAPATUNAY NA WALANG IBANG KASONG NAKASAMPA/NAKABINBIN SA IBANG HUKUMAN) (kapag may ganting habol na pinahihintulutan)

#### FORM 4-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF	THE PHILIPPINES
	Plaintif	
	VS.	Civil Case No.
		For:
	Defend	
		OF HEARING 'G PAGDINIG)
on .	YOUR CASE IS SET for hearing at	ng before the Presiding Judge of this Cour
sa _		n ng Pinunong Hukom ng Hukumang ito , sa ganap na)
	VOLUMIEST ATTEND THE H	HEARING IE VOU CANNOT ATTENT

YOU MUST ATTEND THE HEARING. IF YOU CANNOT ATTEND BECAUSE IT IS PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE FOR YOU TO DO SO, YOU MAY AUTHORIZE A REPRESENTATIVE WHO IS NOT A LAWYER TO APPEAR FOR YOU. FOR THIS PURPOSE YOU SHOULD FILL UP FORM 5-SCC (SPECIAL POWER OF ATTORNEY).

(KINAKAILANGAN NINYONG DUMALO SA PAGDINIG. KUNG HINDI KAYA NG KATAWAN NINYO ANG PAGDALO NANG PERSONAL SA PAGDINIG NG IYONG KASO, MAAARI KANG MAGPADALA NG IYONG KINATAWAN NA HINDI ABOGADO SA PAGDINIG. SA GANITONG LAYUNIN, PUNUAN NINYO ANG FORM 5-SCC [NATATANGING GAWAD-KAPANGYARIHAN - SPECIAL POWER OF ATTORNEY.])

WITNESS the HON	
Presiding Judge of this Court, this	day of
20, at	
, I	Philippines.
(Saksi si Kgg.	
Pinunong Hukom ng Hukumang ito, n	gayong
20 dito sa, Pilipina	s.)
	Branch Clerk of Court
	(Sangay na Kawani ng Hukuman)
NOTE: FOR INQUIRIES, CALL TEL. #_	
(Tala: Para sa katanungan, tumawag sa K	Lorte sa Tel. Blg)

#### FORM 5-SCC

REPUBLIC OF THE P	PHILIPPINES
Plaintiff,	
VS.	Civil Case No For:
Defendant.	
PLAINTIFF'S RETURN/	MANIFESTATION
This is to certify that on(da undersigned tried to serve the Summon with the Annexes and Notice of H name/s of defendant/s, but failed and said defendant/s was/were not around during	s, Statement of Claim, together earing upon the defendant/s unavailing on the ground that the
However, on, the Annexes thereto and Notice of Heari (name of defendant who received) appearing at the lower portion of the summer of	ing were served personally to _, as shown by her/his signature
WHEREFORE, the original copy of the to the Honorable Court, DULY SERVED PE	
, Philippines,	(date).
	PLAINTIFF

# FORM 5-A-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF T	HE PHILIPPINES	
			_
	Plaintiff,	······································	
VS.			Case No
x	Defenda		
I	PLAINTIFF'S RETUF	RN/MANIFESTATI	ION
tried to serve the S Notice of Hearing	ertify that on(date Summons, Statement of g upon the defendant illing on the ground to the time of service.	of Claim, together values of mame/s of	with the Annexes and defendant/s, but
thereto and Notice received), who to the defendant/s	n <u>(date)</u> , the Suce of Hearing were so introduced himself/hs), a person of suitable lower portion of the	erved through(nerself as a(relation are and discretion are	name of person who ionship of the person
efforts to serve th	service was made as e Summons, together Notice of Hearing p	with the Statemer	nt of Claim, Annexes
	ORE, the original copy Court, DULY SERVE		respectfully returned
	, Philippine	es, (date).	
			PLAINTIFF

### FORM 6-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF THE P	PHILIPPINES
	Plaintiff,	_,
VS.		Civil Case No For:
x	Defendant.	, -x
	MOTION TO PLEAD A	AS INDIGENT
alleges that:	, unto thi	s Honorable Court, respectfully
1. I am a	resident of	;
2. My gr exceed		my immediate family does not

- 3. I do not own real property with an assessed value of more than (amount as provided in the Revised Rules of Court, as amended) as shown by the attached Certification issued by the Office of the City/Municipal Assessor and the City/Municipal Treasurer's Office;
- 4. Due to financial constraint, I cannot afford to pay for the expenses of a court litigation as I do not have enough funds for food, shelter and other basic necessities;
- 5. Should the court render judgment in my favor, the amount of the docket and other legal fees which I was exempted from paying shall be a lien on the judgment, unless the court orders otherwise.

WHEREFORE, premises considered, it is respectfully prayed that I be exempted from the payment of docket and other legal fees as indigent pursuant to Section 21, Rule 3, in relation to Section 18, Rule 141 of the Revised Rules of Court.

	Other reliefs just and	equitable	under the	premises	are	likewise	prayed
for.	-						

PLAINTIFF	

# FORM 7-SCC

# SPECIAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

# KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

I,	, of legal age, single/
I,married, with residence at	
do hereby appoint, name and constitute likewise of legal age, single/	te,
likewise of legal age, single/ ,wl	
of-kin, and is not a lawyer, as my true ar in my name and stead and to represent in	nd legal representative to act for and me during the hearing of Civil Case
No, to enter into amicable modes of dispute resolution and to make and documents without further consultate	e admissions or stipulations of facts
I hereby grant my representative ful perform every act necessary to render ef though I myself have so performed it and by virtue of these presents.	
In witness whereof, I hereunto so of, 20, at	et my hand this day
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Principal
	Agent
Witnesses:	

(ACKNOWLEDGMENT)

# FORM 8-SCC

		REPUBLICO	OF THE PHILI	PPINES	
		Plain	ntiff,		
	vs.			Civil Case No	
		Defe	endant.		
X			X		
			NT MOTION A DISMISSAL)		
that:	Plaintiff and	defendant, unto	o this Honorab	le Court, respectfully a	llege
			•	and voluntarily settled of each other; and	their
	2. The parti	es no longer ha	ve a cause of	action against each oth	er.
pray 1	that the plai		nt of claim an	iff and defendant respect d defendant's countered	
for.	Other reliefs	just and equita	ble under the p	premises are likewise pr	ayed
	(place)	,(date)	_·		
	Pl:	aintiff		Defendant	

To the Branch Clerk of Court:	
Please submit the foregoing n without hearing and further argume	notion for the consideration of the Court nt from the parties.
Plaintiff	 Defendant

# FORM 9-SCC

	REPUBLIC O	F THE PHILIPPINES
	Plaint	iiff,
VS.		Civil Case No
x	Defe	
<b>MOTION F</b>	ORAPPROVAL	OF COMPROMISE AGREEMENT
The parties	respectfully alleg	ge that:
1. Plaintiff f	îled this claim aş	gainst defendant for:
	liquidate	n of sum of money d damages nent of barangay agreement
		an amicable settlement and have executed following terms and conditions.
(copy terr	ms and condition	n here)
		approval of this agreement by the Court except for purposes of execution in case of
		nsidered, the parties respectfully pray that and render judgment on the basis thereof.
(place)		
P	laintiff	 Defendant

### FORM 10-SCC

REPUBLIC OF THE	
Plaintiff,	
vs.	Civil Case No
Defendant.	, -X
DECISIO (BASED ON COMPROMI	
Plaintiff filed this case against defen in the amount of	
Defendant denied plaintiff's claim on and set up a counterclaim for	
The parties, however, reached an am the court a compromise agreement, the ten follows:	

(terms and condition here)

It appearing that the agreement is not contrary to law, morals, good customs, public moral and public policy, and pursuant to Articles 2028 and 2037 of the Civil Code of the Philippines, the same is hereby APPROVED and ADOPTED as the Decision of this court.

The parties are hereby ordered to faithfully comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement.

WHEREFORE, judgment is hereby rendered approving the Compromise Agreement and the parties are ordered to comply with the terms and conditions, as follows:

(The judge should define the rights and obligations of the parties under the judgment approving the Compromise Agreement to be enforced by a Writ of Execution.)

SO ORDERED.	
(place),(date)	
	Presiding Judge

### FORM 11-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF THE PHIL	IPPINES
(Title)		(Case Number)

### DECISION

This is a small claims action for (state which of the claims or demands below is the subject of the action filed):

[For money owed under any of the following:

- 1. Contract of lease
- 2. Contract of loan
- 3. Contract of services
- 4. Contract of sale
- 5. Contract of mortgage; or

For liquidated damages arising from contracts;

The enforcement of a barangay amicable settlement or an arbitration award involving a money claim covered by this Rule pursuant to Section 417 of Republic Act 7160, otherwise known as The Local Government Code of 1991.]

Plaintiff alleges that (state material allegations and prayer in the Statement of Claim).

Defendant alleges that (state reasons for denial of the claim and other material allegations in the Response including counterclaims, if any).

On (date), both parties appeared during the hearing conducted by (state name of Judge who conducted the dispute resolution. State whether parties appeared personally or through a specially authorized representative.)

Considerii	ng the failure of tl	he parties to	arrive at a	ny settlement	of the
dispute, this cou	rt proceeded with t	the hearing o	f the case w	hich was tern	ninated
on					

The issue to be resolved by this court is whether
Plaintiff's evidence consists of: (state documents of plaintiff, affidavits submitted if any and statements made by plaintiff and witnesses under oath during the hearing.)
Defendant's evidence consists of: (state documents of defendant affidavits submitted if any and statements made by defendant and witnesses under oath during the hearing.)
This court finds that the claim of plaintiff (or defendant in a counterclaim) is (state whether meritorious or devoid of merit). Under Article/Section (state the applicable provisions of law) or pursuant to established jurisprudence (cite applicable jurisprudence). In this case, this court found that (state first the factual findings established by the evidence and then the legal conclusions)
Wherefore, the (claim/counterclaim) is (granted/denied). This court orders to pay to the amount of (state the monetary award or damages) with interest of (if applicable under Civil Code and/or settled jurisprudence) until fully paid.
SO ORDERED.
(place),(date)
Presiding Judge
Copy furnished:
All parties Office of the Clerk of Court of

Plaintiff/Defendant

# FORM 12-SCC

	REPUBLIC OF THI	E PHILIPPINES
	Plaintiff,	,
VS.		Civil Case No For:
	Defendant	
X		X
	MOTION FOR E	EXECUTION
Plaintiff/De:	fendant, unto this Hono	orable Court, respectfully alleges that:
1. On	, a judg n of which reads:	ment was rendered by the Court, the
2. The jud	gment is final, executo	ory and unappealable.
3. The def	endant has not compli	ied with the judgment.
		ed, it is respectfully prayed that a writ the judgment of the Court dated
	,	·

# NOTICE OF HEARING

NAME OF DEFENDAN	T (If filed by the Plaintiff)
NAME OF PLAINTIFF (	(If filed by the Defendant)

# NAME OF CLERK OF COURT

	Please be notified that the undersigned will subm	it the foregoing motion
for	or the consideration and approval of the Court on	
at <sub>-</sub>	·	
	(place),(date)	
	Plaint	iff/Defendant

# COMPARATIVE STUDY BETWEEN THE 2008 RULES AND THE 2016 REVISED RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

(Amendments in bold letters)

# THE RULE OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

**SECTION 1**. *Title.*— This Rule shall be known as "The Rule of Procedure for Small Claims Cases."

SEC. 2. Scope.— This Rule shall govern the procedure in actions before the Metropolitan Trial Courts, Municipal Trial Courts in Cities, Municipal Trial Courts and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts for payment of money where the value of the claim does not exceed One Hundred Thousand Pesos (P100,000.00) exclusive of interest and costs

# THE REVISED RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SMALL CLAIMS CASES

**SECTION 1.** *Title.*— These Rules shall be known as "The **Revised** Rules of Procedure for Small Claims Cases."

SEC. 2. Scope.— These Rules shall govern the procedure in actions before the Metropolitan Trial Courts (MeTCs), Municipal Trial Courts in Cities (MTCCs), Municipal Trial Courts (MTCs) and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts (MCTCs) for payment of money where the value of the claim does not exceed Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00) exclusive of interest and costs.

# SEC. 3. Objectives

- (a) To protect and advance the constitutional right of persons to a speedy disposition of their cases;
- (b) To provide a simplified and inexpensive procedure for the disposition of small claims cases; and,

- **SEC. 3**. *Definition of Terms.* For purposes of this Rule:
- (a) *Plaintiff* refers to the party who initiated a small claims action. The term includes a defendant who has filed a counterclaim against plaintiff;
- (b) Defendant is the party against whom the plaintiff has filed a small claims action. The term includes a plaintiff against whom a defendant has filed a claim, or a person who replies to the claim;
- (c) *Person* is an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, association, or other juridical entity endowed with personality by law;
- (d) *Individual* is a natural person;
- (e) *Motion* means a party's request, written or oral, to the court for an order or other action. It shall include an informal written request to the court, such as a letter;
- (f) Good cause means circumstances sufficient to justify the requested order or other action, as determined by the judge; and
- (g) Affidavit means a written statement or declaration of facts that are sworn or affirmed to be true.

- (c) To introduce innovations and best practices for the benefit of the underprivileged.
- **SEC. 4**. *Definition of Terms.* For purposes of this Rule:
- (a) *Plaintiff* refers to the party who initiated a small claims action. The term includes a defendant who has filed a counterclaim against plaintiff;
- (b) *Defendant* is the party against whom the plaintiff has filed a small claims action. The term includes a plaintiff against whom a defendant has filed a claim, or a person who replies to the claim;
- (c) *Person* is an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, association, or other juridical entity endowed with personality by law;
- (d) *Individual* is a natural person;
- (e) *Motion* means a party's request, written or oral, to the court for an order or other action. It shall include an informal written request to the court, such as a letter;
- (f) Good cause means circumstances sufficient to justify the requested order or other action, as determined by the judge; and,
- (g) Affidavit means a written statement or declaration of facts that are sworn to or affirmed to be true.

SEC. 4. Applicability. The Metropolitan Trial Courts. Municipal Trial Courts in Cities, Municipal Trial Courts, and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts shall apply this Rule in all actions which are: (a) purely civil in nature where the claim or relief prayed for by the plaintiff is solely for payment or reimbursement of sum of money, and (b) the civil aspect of criminal actions, either filed before the institution of the criminal action, or reserved upon the filing of the criminal action in court, pursuant to Rule 111 of the Revised Rules of Criminal Procedure.

These claims or demands may be:

- (a) For money owed under any of the following:
  - 1. Contract of Lease:
  - 2. Contract of Loan;
  - 3. Contract of Services;
  - 4. Contract of Sale; or
  - 5. Contract of Mortgage;
- (b) For damages arising from any of the following:
  - 1. Fault or negligence;
  - 2. Quasi-contract; or
  - 3. Contract;
- (c) The enforcement of a barangay amicable settlement or an arbitration award involving a money claim covered by this Rule pursuant to Sec. 417 of Republic Act 7160, otherwise known as the

SEC. 5. Applicability.— The Metropolitan Trial Courts, Municipal Trial Courts in Cities, Municipal Trial Courts in Cities, Municipal Circuit Trial Courts, and Municipal Circuit Trial Courts shall apply this Rule in all actions **that** are purely civil in nature where the claim or relief prayed for by the plaintiff is solely for payment or reimbursement of sum of money.

The claims or demands may be:

- (a) For money owed under any of the following:
  - 1. Contract of Lease;
  - 2. Contract of Loan;
  - 3. Contract of Services;
  - 4. Contract of Sale; or
  - 5. Contract of Mortgage;
- (b) For liquidated damages arising from contracts;
- (c) The enforcement of a barangay amicable settlement or an arbitration award involving a money claim covered by this Rule pursuant to Sec. 417 of Republic Act 7160, otherwise known as the

Local Government Code of 1991.

SEC. 5. Commencement of Small Claims Action.— A small claims action is commenced by filing the with court accomplished and verified Statement of Claim (Form 1-SCC) in duplicate, accompanied by a Certification of Non-Forum Shopping (Form 1-A, SCC), and two (2) duly certified photocopies of the actionable document/s subject of the claim, as well as the affidavits of witnesses and other evidence to support the claim. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Claim, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence.

No formal pleading, other than the Statement of Claim described in this Rule, is necessary to initiate a small claims action. Local Government Code of 1991.

SEC. 6. Commencement of Small Claims Action.- A small claims action is commenced by filing with the court an accomplished and verified Statement of Claim (Form 1-SCC) in duplicate, accompanied by a Certification Against Forum Shopping, Splitting a Single Cause Action. of Multiplicity of Suits (Form 1-A-SCC), and two (2) duly certified photocopies of the actionable document/s subject of the claim, as well as the affidavits of witnesses and other evidence to support the claim. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Statement of Claim, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence

The plaintiff must state in the Statement of Claim if he/she/it is engaged in the business of lending, banking and similar activities, and the number of small claims cases filed within the calendar year regardless of judicial station.

No formal pleading, other than the Statement of Claim/s described in this Rule, is necessary to initiate a small claims action

SEC. 7. Venue.— The regular rules on venue shall apply.

SEC. 6. Joinder of Claims.—Plaintiff may join in a single statement of claim one or more separate small claims against a defendant provided that the total amount claimed, exclusive of interest and costs, does not exceed P100,000.00.

SEC. 7. Affidavits.— The affidavits submitted under this Rule shall state only facts of direct personal knowledge of the affiants which are admissible in evidence.

A violation of this requirement shall subject the party, and the counsel who assisted the party in the preparation of the affidavits, if any, to appropriate disciplinary action. The inadmissible affidavit(s) or portion(s) thereof shall be expunged from the record.

However, if the plaintiff is engaged in the business of lending, banking and similar activities, and has a branch within the municipality or city where the defendant resides, the Statement of Claim/s shall be filed where that branch is located.

SEC. 8. Joinder of Claims.—Plaintiff may join in a single statement of claim one or more separate small claims against a defendant provided that the total amount claimed, exclusive of interest and costs, does not exceed Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00).

**SEC. 9**. Affidavits.— The affidavits submitted under this Rule shall state only facts of direct personal knowledge of the affiants **or based on authentic records**, which are admissible in evidence.

A violation of this requirement shall subject the party, and the counsel who assisted the party in the preparation of the affidavits, if any, to appropriate disciplinary action. The inadmissible affidavit(s) or portion(s) thereof shall be expunged from the record.

The non-submission of the required affidavits will cause the immediate dismissal of the claim or counterclaim.

SEC. 8. Payment of Filing Fees.— The plaintiff shall pay the docket and other legal fees prescribed under Rule 141 of the Revised Rules of Court, unless allowed to litigate as an indigent.

SEC. 10. Payment of Filing Fees. – The plaintiff shall pay the docket and other legal fees prescribed under Rule 141 of the Revised Rules of Court, unless allowed to litigate as an indigent. Exemption from the payment of filing fees shall be granted only Court. bv the Supreme However, if more than five (5) small claims are filed by one party within the calendar year, regardless of the judicial station, an additional filing fee of P500.00 shall be paid for every claim filed after the fifth (5th) claim, and an additional 100 or a total of P600.00 for every claim filed after the tenth (10th) claim, and another P100.00 or a total of P700 for every claim filed after the fifteenth (15th) progressively claim. and cumulatively.

If the plaintiff is engaged in the business of banking, lending and similar activities, the amount of filing and other legal fees shall be the same as those applicable to cases filed under the regular rules.

A claim filed with a motion to sue as indigent (*Form 6-SCC*) shall be referred to the Executive Judge for immediate action in case of multi-sala courts, or to the Presiding Judge of the court hearing the small claims case. If the motion is

A claim filed with a motion to sue as indigent (*Form 6-SCC*) shall be referred to the Executive Judge for immediate action in case of multi-sala courts. If the motion is granted by the Executive Judge, the case shall be raffled off or

granted by the Executive Judge, the case shall be raffled off or assigned to the court designated to hear small claims cases. If the motion is denied, the plaintiff shall be given five (5) days within which to pay the docket fees, otherwise, the case shall be dismissed without prejudice. In no case shall a party, even if declared an indigent, be exempt from the payment of the P1,000.00 fee for service of summons and processes in civil cases.

SEC. 9. Dismissal of the Claim.—After the court determines that the case falls under this Rule, it may, from an examination of the allegations of the Statement of Claim and such evidence attached thereto, by itself, dismiss the case outright on any of the grounds apparent from the Claim for the dismissal of a civil action.

assigned to the court designated to hear small claims cases. If the motion is denied, the plaintiff shall be given five (5) days within which to pay the docket fees, otherwise, the case shall be dismissed without prejudice. In no case shall a party, even if declared an indigent, be exempt from the payment of the P1,000.00 fee for service of summons and processes.

SEC. 11. Dismissal of the Claim.—After the court determines that the case falls under this Rule, it may, from an examination of the allegations of the Statement of Claim/s and such evidence attached thereto, by itself, dismiss the case outright on any of the grounds for the dismissal of the case. The order of dismissal shall state if it is with or without prejudice.

If, during the hearing, the court is able to determine that there exists a ground for dismissal of the Statement of Claim/s, the court may, by itself, dismiss the case even if such ground is not pleaded in the defendant's Response.

If plaintiff misrepresents that he/she/ it is not engaged in the business of banking, lending or

similar activities when in fact he/she/it is so engaged, the Statement of Claim/s shall be dismissed with prejudice and plaintiff shall be meted the appropriate sanctions, such as direct contempt.

However, if the case does not fall under this Rule, but falls under summary or regular procedure, the case shall not be dismissed. Instead, the case shall be re-docketed under the appropriate procedure, and returned to the court where it assigned, subject payment of any deficiency in the applicable regular rate of filing fees. If a case is filed under the regular or summary procedure, but actually falls under this Rule, the case shall be referred to the Executive Judge for appropriate assignment.

SEC. 12. Summons and Notice of Hearing.— If no ground for dismissal is found, the court shall forthwith issue Summons (Form 2-SCC) on the day of receipt of the Statement of Claim/s, directing the defendant to submit a verified Response.

The court shall also issue a **Notice of Hearing** (Form 4-SCC) to both parties, directing them to appear before it on a specific date and time for hearing, with a

**SEC. 10**. Summons and Notice of Hearing.— If no ground for dismissal is found, the court shall forthwith issue Summons (Form 2-SCC) on the day of receipt of the Statement of Claim, directing the defendant to submit a verified Response.

The court shall also issue a Notice (Form 4-SCC) to both parties, directing them to appear before it on a specific date and time for hearing, with a warning

that no unjustified postponement shall be allowed, as provided in Section 19 of this Rule. The summons and notice to be served on the defendant shall be accompanied by a copy of the Statement of Claim and documents submitted by plaintiff, and a copy of the Response (*Form 3-SCC*) to be accomplished by the defendant. The Notice shall contain an express prohibition against the filing of a motion to dismiss or any other motion under Section 14 of this Rule.

warning that no unjustified postponement shall be allowed, as provided in **Section 21** of this Rule.

The Summons to be served on the defendant shall be accompanied by a copy of the Statement of Claim/s and documents submitted plaintiff, and a blank Response Form (Form 3-SCC) to be accomplished by the defendant.A Notice of Hearing shall accompany the Summons and shall contain: (a) the date of the hearing, which shall not be more than thirty (30) days from the filing of the Statement of Claim/s; and (b) the express prohibition against the filing of a motion to dismiss or any other motion under Section 16 of this Rule.

If Summons is returned without being served on any or all of the defendants, the court shall order the plaintiff to cause the service of summons and to inform the court within thirty (30) days from notice if said summons was served or not; otherwise, the Statement of Claim/s shall be dismissed without prejudice as to those who were not served with summons.

**SEC.** 11. *Response.*— The defendant shall file with the court

**SEC.** 13. *Response.*— The defendant shall file with the court

and serve on the plaintiff a duly accomplished and verified Response within a non-extendible period of ten (10) days from receipt of summons. The Response shall be accompanied by certified photocopies of documents, as well as affidavits of witnesses and other evidence in support thereof. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Response, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence

The grounds for the dismissal of the claim, under Rule 16 of the Rules of Court, should be pleaded.

SEC. 12. Effect of Failure to File Response.— Should the defendant fail to file his Response within the required period, and likewise fail to appear at the date set for hearing, the court shall render judgment on the same day, as may be warranted by the facts.

Should the defendant fail to file his Response within the required period but appears at the date set for hearing, the court shall ascertain what defense he has to offer and proceed to hear, mediate or adjudicate the case on the same day as if a Response has been filed. and serve on the plaintiff a duly accomplished and verified Response within a non-extendible period of ten (10) days from receipt of summons. The Response shall be accompanied by certified photocopies of documents, as well as affidavits of witnesses and other evidence in support thereof. No evidence shall be allowed during the hearing which was not attached to or submitted together with the Response, unless good cause is shown for the admission of additional evidence

SEC. 14. Effect of Failure to File Response.— Should the defendant fail to file his/her/its Response within the required period, and likewise fail to appear on the date set for hearing, the court shall render judgment on the same day, as may be warranted by the facts alleged in the Statement of Claim/s.

Should the defendant fail to file his/her/its Response within the required period but appears on the date set for hearing, the court shall ascertain what defense he/she/it has to offer which shall constitute his/her/its Response, and proceed to hear or adjudicate the case on the same day as if a Response has been filed.

SEC. 13. Counterclaims Within the Coverage of this Rule.— If at the time the action is commenced. the defendant possesses a claim against the plaintiff that (a) is within the coverage of this Rule, exclusive of interest and costs; (b) arises out of the same transaction or event that is the subject matter of the plaintiff's claim; (c) does not require for its adjudication the joinder of third parties; and (d) is not the subject of another pending action, the claim shall be filed as a counterclaim in the Response; otherwise, the defendant shall be barred from suit on the counterclaim

The defendant may also elect to file a counterclaim against the plaintiff that does not arise out of the same transaction or occurrence, provided that the amount and nature thereof are within the coverage of this Rule and the prescribed docket and other legal fees are paid.

- **SEC. 14**. *Prohibited Pleadings and Motions*. The following pleadings, motions, or petitions shall not be allowed in the cases covered by this Rule:
- (a) Motion to dismiss the complaint;
- (b) Motion for a bill of particulars;
  - (c) Motion for new trial, or for

SEC. 15. Counterclaims Within the Coverage of this Rule.— If at the time the action is commenced. the defendant possesses a claim against the plaintiff that (a) is within the coverage of this Rule, exclusive of interest and costs; (b) arises out of the same transaction or event that is the subject matter of the plaintiff's claim; (c) does not require for its adjudication the joinder of third parties; and (d) is not the subject of another pending action, the claim shall be filed as a counterclaim in the Response; otherwise, the defendant shall be barred from suing on the counterclaim

The defendant may also elect to file a counterclaim against the plaintiff that does not arise out of the same transaction or occurrence, provided that the amount and nature thereof are within the coverage of this Rule and the prescribed docket and other legal fees are paid.

- **SEC. 16**. *Prohibited Pleadings and Motions*. The following pleadings, motions, or petitions shall not be allowed in the cases covered by this Rule:
- (a) Motion to dismiss the **Statement of Claim/s**;
- (b) Motion for a bill of particulars;
  - (c) Motion for new trial, or for

reconsideration of a judgment, or for reopening of trial;

- (d) Petition for relief from judgment;
- (e) Motion for extension of time to file pleadings, affidavits, or any other paper;
  - (f) Memoranda;
- (g) Petition for certiorari, mandamus, or prohibition against any interlocutory order issued by the court;
- (h) Motion to declare the defendant in default;
- (i) Dilatory motions for postponement;
  - (j) Reply;
  - (k) Third-party complaints; and
  - (1) Interventions.
- SEC. 15. Availability of Forms; Assistance by Court Personnel.—The Clerk of Court or other court personnel shall provide such assistance as may be requested by a plaintiff or a defendant regarding the availability of forms and other information about the coverage, requirements as well as procedure for small claims cases.
- **SEC. 16**. *Appearance.* The parties shall appear at the designated date of hearing personally.

Appearance through

a

reconsideration of a judgment, or for reopening of trial;

- (d) Petition for relief from judgment;
- (e) Motion for extension of time to file pleadings, affidavits, or any other paper;
  - (f) Memoranda;
- (g) Petition for *certiorari*, *mandamus*, or prohibition against any interlocutory order issued by the court:
- (h) Motion to declare the defendant in default:
- (i) Dilatory motions for postponement;
  - (j) Reply and rejoinder;
  - (k) Third-party complaints; and
  - (1) Interventions.
- SEC. 17. Availability of Forms; Assistance by Court Personnel.—The Clerk of Court or other court personnel shall provide such assistance as may be requested by a plaintiff or a defendant regarding the availability of forms and other information about the coverage, requirements as well as procedure for small claims cases.
- **SEC. 18**. *Appearance*. The parties shall personally appear on the designated date of hearing.

Appearance through a

representative must be for a valid cause. The representative of an individual-party must not be a lawyer, and must be related to or next-of-kin of the individual-party. Juridical entities shall not be represented by a lawyer in any capacity.

The representative must be authorized under a Special Power of Attorney (Form 5-SCC) to enter into an amicable settlement of the dispute and to enter into stipulations or admissions of facts and of documentary exhibits.

**SEC. 17**. Appearance of Attorneys Not Allowed.— No attorney shall appear in behalf of or represent a party at the hearing, unless the attorney is the plaintiff or defendant.

If the court determines that a party cannot properly present his/her claim or defense and needs assistance, the court may, in its discretion, allow another individual who is not an attorney to assist that party upon the latter's consent.

SEC. 18. Non-appearance of Parties.—Failure of the plaintiff to appear shall be cause for the dismissal of the claim without prejudice. The defendant who appears shall be entitled to judgment on a permissive counterclaim.

representative must be for a valid cause. The representative of an individual-party must not be a lawyer, and must be related to or next-of-kin of the individual-party. Juridical entities shall not be represented by a lawyer in any capacity.

The representative must be authorized under a Special Power of Attorney (Form 7-SCC) to enter into an amicable settlement of the dispute and to enter into stipulations or admissions of facts and of documentary exhibits.

**SEC.** 19. Appearance of Attorneys Not Allowed.— No attorney shall appear in behalf of or represent a party at the hearing, unless the attorney is the plaintiff or defendant.

If the court determines that a party cannot properly present his/her claim or defense and needs assistance, the court may, in its discretion, allow another individual who is not an attorney to assist that party upon the latter's consent.

SEC. 20. Non-appearance of Parties.—Failure of the plaintiff to appear shall be cause for the dismissal of the claim without prejudice. The defendant who appears in the absence of the plaintiff shall be entitled to judgment on a permissive counterclaim.

Failure of the defendant to appear shall have the same effect as failure to file a Response under Section 12 of this Rule. This shall not apply where one of two or more defendants who are sued under a common cause of action and have pleaded a common defense appears at the hearing.

Failure of both parties to appear shall cause the dismissal with prejudice of both the claim and counterclaim.

SEC. 19. Postponement When Allowed.— A request for postponement of a hearing may be granted only upon proof of the physical inability of the party to appear before the court on the scheduled date and time. A party may avail of only one (1) postponement.

SEC. 20. Duty of the Court.— At the beginning of the court session, the judge shall read aloud a short statement explaining the nature, purpose and the rule of procedure of small claims cases

**SEC. 21**. Hearing.— At the hearing, the judge shall exert efforts to bring the parties to an amicable settlement of their dispute. Any settlement (Form 7-SCC) or resolution (Form 8-SCC) of the dispute shall be reduced into writing, signed by the parties and

Failure of the defendant to appear shall have the same effect as failure to file a Response under **Section 14** of this Rule. This shall not apply where one of two or more defendants who are sued under a common cause of action and have pleaded a common defense appears at the hearing.

Failure of both parties to appear shall cause the dismissal with prejudice of both the Statement of Claim/s and counterclaim.

SEC. 21. Postponement When Allowed.— A request for postponement of a hearing may be granted only upon proof of the physical inability of the party to appear before the court on the scheduled date and time. A party may avail of only one (1) postponement.

SEC. 22. Duty of the Court.— At the beginning of the court session, the judge shall read aloud a short statement explaining the nature, purpose and the rule of procedure of small claims cases.

SEC. 23. Hearing.— At the hearing, the judge shall first exert efforts to bring the parties to an amicable settlement of their dispute. If efforts at settlement fail, the hearing shall immediately proceed in an informal and expeditious

submitted to the court for approval (*Form 12-SCC*).

Settlement discussions shall be strictly confidential and any reference to any settlement made in the course of such discussions shall be punishable by contempt.

SEC. 22. Failure of Settlement.—If efforts at settlement fail, the hearing shall proceed in an informal and expeditious manner and be terminated within one (1) day. Either party may move in writing (Form 10-SCC) to have another judge hear and decide the case. The reassignment of the case shall be done in accordance with existing issuances.

The referral by the original judge to the Executive Judge shall be made within the same day the motion is filed and granted, and by the Executive Judge to the designated judge within the same day of the referral. The new judge shall hear and decide the case within five (5) working days from receipt of the order of reassignment.

SEC. 23. Decision.— After the hearing, the court shall render its decision on the same day, based on the facts established by the evidence (Form 13-SCC). The decision shall immediately be entered by the Clerk of Court in the court docket for civil cases and

manner and be terminated within the same day.

Any settlement (*Form 8-SCC*) or resolution of the dispute shall be reduced into writing, signed by the parties and submitted to the court for approval (*Form 9-SCC and Form 10-SCC*).

SEC. 24. Decision.— After the hearing, the court shall render its decision based on the facts established by the evidence (Form 11-SCC), within twenty four (24) hours from termination of the hearing. The decision shall immediately be

a copy thereof forthwith served on the parties.

The decision shall be final and unappealable.

**SEC. 24**. Execution.— If the decision is rendered in favor of the plaintiff, execution shall issue upon motion (*Form 9-SCC*).

**SEC. 25**. Applicability of the Rules of Civil Procedure.— The Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply suppletorily insofar as they are not inconsistent with this Rule.

**SEC. 26**. Effectivity.— This Rule shall take effect on October 01, 2008 for the pilot courts designated to apply the procedure for small claims cases following its publication in two newspapers of

entered by the Clerk of Court in the court docket for civil cases and a copy thereof forthwith served on the parties.

The decision shall be final, **executory** and unappealable.

**SEC. 25**. *Execution.*— When the decision is rendered, execution shall issue upon motion *(Form 12-SCC)* **of the winning party.** 

SEC. 26. Certification of documents. All documents attached to the Statement of Claim/s or Response that are required to be certified, except public or official documents, shall be certified by the signature of the plaintiff or defendant concerned.

**SEC. 27**. Applicability of the Rules of Civil Procedure.— The Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply suppletorily insofar as they are not inconsistent with this Rule.

SEC. 28. Non-applicability. The rules on mediation/judicial dispute resolution shall not apply, inasmuch as the parties may enter into compromise at any stage of the proceedings.

**SEC. 29**. *Effectivity*.— These **Revised** Rules shall take effect on February 1, 2016 following their publication in two newspapers of general circulation. **They shall govern all cases filed after their** 

general circulation. The amendments to this Rule shall take effect ninety (90) days from publication in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

effectivity, and also all pending proceedings, except to the extent that in the opinion of the court, their application would not be feasible or would work injustice, in which case the procedure under which the cases were filed shall govern.

# SMALL CLAIMS STANDARD FORMS

The following forms shall be used. Substantial compliance therewith shall be sufficient.

(See attached forms)